Position Statement on Psychiatrist Input into the Design and Construction of Psychiatric Evaluation and Treatment Facilities

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Approved by the Assembly, April 2020

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Issue:

National accreditation regulators (e.g. CMS and The Joint Commission) and basic ethical tenets require maintenance of environmental safety for the protection of vulnerable patients including those who suffer from major mental disorders. The inpatient, emergency department, and outpatient settings (whether freestanding or embedded in larger facilities) in which psychiatric evaluation, treatment, and care occurs can have a critical impact on the safety, effectiveness, and quality of the experiences of both persons receiving these services and those providing the services. The process of psychiatric facility design, construction/renovation, and layout, particularly in regard to visibility of patients and their rooms is significantly different from non-psychiatric facility design. The monitoring of patient flow, including critical transitions of care such as handoffs to and from step up/down systems of care and the requisite transportation and prevention of elopements and injury of patient and staff during these handoffs is an important area in need of expert input. Psychiatrists offer unique and crucial expertise regarding safe and quality evaluation, treatment, and care of persons with mental disorders, and they have been excluded from the process of facility planning.

APA Position:

It is the opinion of the American Psychiatric Association (APA) that a psychiatrist is an essential member of the design team for any psychiatric facility new construction or renovation. Furthermore, the APA recommends that national accreditation agencies also adopt this stance as part of their requirements.